90-890000442





Chevrolet-Pontiac-Canada Group Marion Plant General Motors Corporation

General Motors Corporation P.O. Box 778 Marion, Indiana 46952-0036

July 5, 1989

CERTIFIED MAIL
RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Office of Toxic Substances Environmental Protection Agency 401 M. Street, S.W. Washington, DC 20460

SUBJECT: Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR)

Report

Dear Sir or Madame:

Attached is the Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Report. It is unclear under the regulations if this report is required for our activities. We do not believe we are required to file this report; however, we are providing the report for informational purposes.

Sincerely,

Theodore E. Diewal

Plant Manager

HWB/TED:tmr

Encl.

918 ES ANIO 13





Form Approved
OMB No. 2010-0019
Approval Expires 12-31-89

90-890000442

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule

REPORTING FORM

When completed, send this form to:

Document Processing Center Office of Toxic Substances, TS-790 U.S. Environmental Protection Agency 401 M Street, SW Washington, DC 20460 Attention: CAIR Reporting Office For Agency Use Only:

Date of Receipt:

Document
Control Number:

Docket Number:

SECTION 1 GENERAL MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER, AND PROCESSOR INFORMATION PART A GENERAL REPORTING INFORMATION 1.01 This Comprehensive Assessment Information Rule (CAIR) Reporting Form has been completed in response to the <u>Federal Register Notice of [1]2] [2]2] [8]8] mo. day year</u> CBI If a Chemical Abstracts Service Number (CAS No.) is provided in the Federal Register, list the CAS No. [] 2] 6] 4] 7] 1]-[6] 2]-[5] If a chemical substance CAS No. is not provided in the Federal Register, list either (i) the chemical name, (ii) the mixture name, or (iii) the trade name of the chemical substance as provided in the Federal Register. Chemical name as listed in the rule (i) (ii) Name of mixture as listed in the rule (iii) Trade name as listed in the rule If a chemical category is provided in the Federal Register, report the name of the category as listed in the rule, the chemical substance CAS No. you are reporting on which falls under the listed category, and the chemical name of the substance you are reporting on which falls under the listed category. Name of category as listed in the rule CAS No. of chemical substance $[\overline{}]$ $[\overline{]}$ $[\overline{]}$ $[\overline{]}$ $[\overline{]}$ Name of chemical substance Toluens Diisocyanate 1.02 Identify your reporting status under CAIR by circling the appropriate response(s). CBI Processor)..... X/P manufacturer reporting for customer who is a processor [] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

	Does the substance you are reporting on have an "x/p" designation associated with it in the above-listed Federal Register Notice?
[<u>]</u>	Yes [_] Go to question 1.04 No [_] Go to question 1.05
1.04 <u>CBI</u> [_]	a. Do you manufacture, import, or process the listed substance and distribute it under a trade name(s) different than that listed in the Federal Register Notice? Circle the appropriate response. Yes
1.05 <u>CBI</u> []	If you buy a trade name product and are reporting because you were notified of your reporting requirements by your trade name supplier, provide that trade name. Trade name
($(No_{\mathcal{O}})$
1.06 <u>CBI</u> [_]	Certification The person who is responsible for the completion of this form must sign the certification statement below: "I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, all information entered on this form is complete and accurate." Theodore Diewald NAME SIGNATURE DATE SIGNED
	Plant Manager (317) 668 - 2065 TITLE TELEPHONE NO.
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

with the required information or within the past 3 years, and this for the time period specified in are required to complete section now required but not previously submissions along with your Sect "I hereby certify that, to the be information which I have not income	you have provided EPA or another a CAIR Reporting Form for the lis information is current, accurant the rule, then sign the certifical of this CAIR form and provide submitted. Provide a copy of anotion 1 submission. Dest of my knowledge and belief, and is current, accurate, and commission is current, accurate, and commission.	isted substance te, and complete cation below. You any information y previous all required m has been submitted
information which I have not inc to EPA within the past 3 years a period specified in the rule." NAME	cluded in this CAIR Reporting For and is current, accurate, and com	m has been submitted plete for the time
	SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED
TITLE		
"Not Applicable at present"	()TELEPHONE NO.	DATE OF PREVIOUS SUBMISSION
"My company has taken measures to and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable to using legitimate means (other that judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly available."	to protect the confidentiality of ese measures; the information is by other persons (other than govenan discovery based on a showing occeding) without my company's coilable elsewhere; and disclosure	not, and has not rnment bodies) by of special need in nsent; the of the information
NAME	SIGNATURE	DATE SIGNED
TITLE	TELEPHONE NO.	
	"My company has taken measures and it will continue to take the been, reasonably ascertainable using legitimate means (other tha judicial or quasi-judicial proinformation is not publicly available would cause substantial harm to	()

PART	B CORPORATE DATA
1.09	Facility Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name [G]M]C]-]C]P]C]-]G]R]O]U]P]-]M]A]R]I]O]N]-]P]L]A]N]T] Address [2]4]0]0]-]W]e]s]t]-]S]e]c]o]n]d]-]S]t]r]e]e]t]-]
	[M]a]r]i]o]n]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	$ \begin{bmatrix} \hline 1 \end{bmatrix} \overline{N} \\ \hline State \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \hline 4 \end{bmatrix} \overline{6} \overline{9} \overline{5} \overline{1} \overline{2} \overline{1} - \overline{[0]} \overline{0} \overline{3} \overline{3} \overline{6} \overline{1} $
	Dun & Bradstreet Number [1]4]-[6]4]7]-[9]0]3]5] EPA ID Number IND [0]0]0]7]1]5]0]8]6] Employer ID Number [3]8]-]0]5]7]2]5] Primary Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Code [3]4]1]2] Other SIC Code []1]1]1 Other SIC Code []1]1]1
1.10	Company Headquarters Identification
<u>CBI</u>	Name [G]M]-]C]P]C]-]H]e a d q u a r l t e r s l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l l
	[M] I] [4] 8] 0] 9] 0] [9] 2] 2] 0] Dun & Bradstreet Number [0] 1] - [7] 4] 3] - [4] 2] 2] 0] Employer ID Number []]]]]]]]]]]]]
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

[M]a]r]i]o]n]		
Address	1.11	Parent Company Identification
City		Address []]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
State		
1.12 Technical Contact CBI Name [H]o[w]a]r]d] [W] [B]r]i]n]k]e]r]		[_]_] [_]_]_]_]_][_]]_]_]_]_]_]_]_
Name		Dun & Bradstreet Number
Title E n v i r o n m e n t a E n e r	1.12	Technical Contact
City []]N] [4]6;9]5]2][0]0]3]6 Telephone Number [3]1]7]-[6]6]2]-[2]2]1]5 1.13 This reporting year is from [0]1] [8]8] to [1]2] [8]3 Mo. Year		Title [E]n v]i]r]o]n m]e n t a]1 E n g i n e e r]]
Telephone Number		[M]a]r]i]o]n]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
1.13 This reporting year is from		$ \begin{bmatrix} $
Mo. Year Mo. Year		Telephone Number
[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	1.13	This reporting year is from $[\overline{0}] \overline{1}] [\overline{8}] \overline{8}]$ to $[\overline{1}] \overline{2}] [\overline{8}] \overline{8}]$ Mo. Year
[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		
[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		
[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		
[] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.		
	[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

1.14	Facility Acquired If you purchased this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the seller:
<u>CBI</u>	*N/A Name of Seller [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_]_] [_]_]_]_]_]_]_[]_]_[]_] State
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Sale
	Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	Telephone Number
1.15	Facility Sold If you sold this facility during the reporting year, provide the following information about the buyer: ${}^*N/A$
CBI	Name of Buyer [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
[_]	Mailing Address [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	[_]_] [_]_]_]_][_]_]_]_] State
	Employer ID Number
	Date of Purchase
	Contact Person [_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]_]
	Telephone Number
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

as manufactured, imported, or processed at your facility during the	Quantity (kg			
Classification				
anufactured	•			
mported	•			
rocessed (include quantity repackaged)	. 255,000.kg			
f that quantity manufactured or imported, report that quantity:				
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	. <u>19047 kg</u>			
For on-site use or processing	. 14285 kg			
For direct commercial distribution (including export)	•			
In storage at the end of the reporting year	. 19047 kg			
f that quantity processed, report that quantity:				
In storage at the beginning of the reporting year	. 19047 kg			
Processed as a reactant (chemical producer)	•			
Processed as a formulation component (mixture producer)	•			
Processed as an article component (article producer)	. N/A			
Repackaged (including export)				
In storage at the end of the reporting year	. 19047 kg			
	anufactured			

.17	Mixture If the listed substance on which you are required to report is a mixture or a component of a mixture, provide the following information for each component chemical. (If the mixture composition is variable, report an average percentage of each component chemical for all formulations.)				
<u>_</u> }	Component Name	Supplier Name	Compositio (specify	age % n by Weight precision, 5% ± 0.5%)	
	Tolnene Dusocyanote	Mobay Corp.	70.80		
	Diphenylmethane Dusocyanote	Mobay Corp.			
			100		
			Total	100%	

	Batch process	3
	Semicontinuous process	
rj	Continuous process	
2.05 <u>CBI</u>	Specify the manner in which you manufactured the listed substance. Circle all appropriate process types. $^{\ast}\text{N/A}$	
	Quantity processed	kg
	Quantity imported	kg
	Quantity manufactured	kg
	Year ending $[\overline{1}]\overline{2}$] [8] 3] Year
	Quantity processed	
	Quantity imported	kg
	Quantity manufactured	kg
_	Year ending $\left[\frac{1}{Mo}\right]^{\frac{1}{2}}$] [$\frac{8}{7}$] $\frac{4}{7}$]
	Quantity processed	
	Quantity imported	kg
	Quantity manufactured	
[<u></u>]	Year ending $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ Mo \end{bmatrix}$	8] <u>5</u>] Year
2.04	State the quantity of the listed substance that your facility manufactured, importance or processed during the 3 corporate fiscal years preceding the reporting year indescending order.	n

2.06 CBI	Specify the manner in appropriate process ty		he listed substance.	Circle all
[_]				
(Continuous process			
	Semicontinuous process	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		,
	Batch process		•••••	
2.07 CBI	State your facility's substance. (If you are question.)			
[_]	Manufacturing capacity			kg/y
			-	
	Processing capacity .			2285/1 kg/y
2.08 CBI	If you intend to increamanufactured, imported year, estimate the increase volume.	, or processed at any	time after your curi	cent corporate fiscal
[_]		Manufacturing Quantity (kg)	Importing Quantity (kg)	Processing Quantity (kg)
	Amount of increase			N/A
	Amount of decrease			N/A
	Amount of decrease			N/A
[_]	Mark (X) this box if yo	ou attach a continuat	ion sheet.	

2.09	listed substanc	argest volume manufacturing or processing proces e, specify the number of days you manufactured of g the reporting year. Also specify the average s type was operated. (If only one or two opera	or processed number of h	the listed ours per
<u>CBI</u>			Days/Year	Average Hours/Day
	Process Type #1	(The process type involving the largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured		
		Processed	240	16
	Process Type #2	(The process type involving the 2nd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured		
		Processed	N/A	N/A
	Process Type #3	(The process type involving the 3rd largest quantity of the listed substance.)		
		Manufactured		
		Processed	N/A	N/A
*Res 2.10 <u>CBI</u> [_]	substance that chemical. Maximum daily i	red for TD1 um daily inventory and average monthly inventor was stored on-site during the reporting year in nventory inventory	the form of	ted a bulk kg
<u></u>	Mark (X) this b	ox if you attach a continuation sheet.		

CAS No.	Chemical Name Diphonylmethone	Byproduct, Coproduct or Impurity ¹	Concentration (%) (specify ± % precision)	Source of l products, o products, o Impurities
26447-40-5	Diisocyanate	C	5-15%	Mixture

a. b. % of Quantity Manufactured,		c. % of Quantity	d.	
Product Types ¹	Imported, or Processed	Used Captively On-Site	Type of End-Use	
В	100	50	CS	
	41.00			
	AND			
A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactar C = Catalyst/Initiate Sensitizer D = Inhibitor/Stabili Antioxidant E = Analytical reager F = Chelator/Coagular G = Cleanser/Deterger H = Lubricant/Frictic agent I = Surfactant/Emulsi J = Flame retardant K = Coating/Binder/Ad 2 Use the following cod I = Industrial	or/Accelerator/ zer/Scavenger/ at at/Sequestrant at/Degreaser on modifier/Antiwear afier where and additives	type of end-users:	prographic chemical on/Plating chemical dditives cals and additives r chemicals ol chemicals ds and additives additives	

a.	b.	с.	d.
	% of Quantity Manufactured, Imported, or	% of Quantity Used Captively	
Product Types ¹	Processed	On-Site	Type of End-
B	100	50	CS
			
		_	
······································			
<pre>1 Use the following cod A = Solvent B = Synthetic reactar C = Catalyst/Initiate</pre>	nt or/Accelerator/ izer/Scavenger/ nt nt/Sequestrant nt/Degreaser on modifier/Antiwear	L = Moldable/Castab M = Plasticizer N = Dye/Pigment/Col O = Photographic/Re and additives P = Electrodepositi Q = Fuel and fuel a R = Explosive chemi S = Fragrance/Flavo T = Pollution contr U = Functional fluiv V = Metal alloy and W = Rheological mod	orant/Ink and add prographic chemic on/Plating chemic dditives cals and additive r chemicals ol chemicals ds and additives additives
	des to designate the		

a.	b.	C. Average %	d.
Product Type ¹ P	inal Product's hysical Form ²	Composition of Listed Substance in Final Product	Type of End-Users
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Use the following codes	to designate pro	duct types:	
A = Solvent		L = Moldable/Castabl	e/Rubber and add
B = Synthetic reactant		M = Plasticizer	c/Rubbel and du
C = Catalyst/Initiator/	Accelerator/	N = Dye/Pigment/Colo	rant/Ink and add
Sensitizer	neceserator,	0 = Photographic/Rep	
D = Inhibitor/Stabilize	r/Scavenger/	and additives	0.
Antioxidant	•	P = Electrodepositio	n/Plating chemi
<pre>E = Analytical reagent</pre>		Q = Fuel and fuel ad	ditives
F = Chelator/Coagulant/	Sequestrant	R = Explosive chemic	als and additive
<pre>G = Cleanser/Detergent/</pre>	Degreaser	S = Fragrance/Flavor	
<pre>H = Lubricant/Friction</pre>	modifier/Antiwear	T = Pollution contro	
agent		U = Functional fluid	
I = Surfactant/Emulsifi	er	V = Metal alloy and	
J = Flame retardant		W = Rheological modi	fier
<pre>K = Coating/Binder/Adhe</pre>			
² Use the following codes A = Gas		e final product's physi estalline solid	cal form:
B = Liquid	F3 = Gra		
C = Aqueous solution		er solid	
D = Paste	G = Gel		
E = Slurry		er (specify)	
F1 = Powder		· • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
³ Use the following codes			
I = Industrial	CS = Con		
CM = Commercial	H = Oth	er (specify)	

CBI		e all applicable modes of transportation used to deliver described substance to off-site customers.	bulk shipments	of the			
[_]	Truck 3 Railcar 3						
	Barge, Vessel						
	Pipel	ine		4			
	Plane	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		5			
	0ther	(specify) N/A		6			
2.16 <u>CBI</u> []	or pr of en	omer Use Estimate the quantity of the listed substance repared by your customers during the reporting year for und use listed (i-iv). Gory of End Use					
	i.	Industrial Products					
			27./4				
		Chemical or mixture	N/A	kg/yr			
		Chemical or mixture					
	ii.						
	ii.	Article	N/A	kg/yr			
	ii.	Article Commercial Products	N/A N/A	kg/yr kg/yr			
	ii.	Article	N/A N/A	kg/yr kg/yr			
		Article	N/A N/A N/A	kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr			
		Article	N/A N/A N/A	kg/yr kg/yr			
		Article	N/A N/A N/A	kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr			
	iii.	Article	N/A N/A N/A N/A	kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr			
	iii.	Article Commercial Products Chemical or mixture Article Consumer Products Chemical or mixture Article Other	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr			
	iii.	Article Commercial Products Chemical or mixture Article Consumer Products Chemical or mixture Article Other Distribution (excluding export)	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr			
	iii.	Article Commercial Products Chemical or mixture Article Consumer Products Chemical or mixture Article Other Distribution (excluding export) Export	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr kg/yr			

PART	A GENERAL DATA					
3.01 CBI	Specify the quantity purchased and the average price paid for the listed substance for each major source of supply listed. Product trades are treated as purchases. The average price is the market value of the product that was traded for the listed substance.					
[_]	Source of Supply	Quantity (kg)	Average Price (\$/kg)			
	The listed substance was manufactured on-site.	N/A				
	The listed substance was transferred from a different company site.	N/A				
	The listed substance was purchased directly from a manufacturer or importer.	171428	43¢			
	The listed substance was purchased from a distributor or repackager.	N/A				
	The listed substance was purchased from a mixture producer.	N/A				
3.02 CBI	Circle all applicable modes of transportation used to your facility.	deliver the lis	ted substance to			
[_](Truck		_			
	Railcar					
	Barge, Vessel					
	Pipeline					
	Plane					
	Other (specify)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	6			
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.					

3.03 <u>CBI</u>	a.	Circle all applicable containers used to transport the listed substance to you facility.	uı
[_]		Bags	1
		Boxes	2
		Free standing tank cylinders	3
		Tank rail cars	4
		Hopper cars	5
	(Tank trucks	6
	`	Hopper trucks	7
		Drums	8
		Pipeline	9
		Other (specify)	10
	b.	If the listed substance is transported in pressurized tank cylinders, tank racars, or tank trucks, state the pressure of the tanks.	
		Tank cylinders	mmHg
		Tank rail cars	mmHg
	1	Tank trucks N/A None	mmHg
	,		
[_]	Mar	rk (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	

If you obtain the listed substance in the form of a mixture, list the trade nam of the mixture, the name of its supplier(s) or manufacturer(s), an estimate of average percent composition by weight of the listed substance in the mixture, a amount of mixture processed during the reporting year.					
Trade Name	Supplier or Manufacturer	Average % Composition by Weight (specify <u>+</u> % precision)	Amount Processed (kg/yr)		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
 					

reporting year in the for	State the quantity of the listed substance used as a raw material during the reporting year in the form of a class I chemical, class II chemical, or polymer, at the percent composition, by weight, of the listed substance.				
	Quantity Used (kg/yr)	% Composition by Weight of Listed Sub- stance in Raw Materia (specify <u>+</u> % precision			
Class I chemical	255,000	80%			
Class II chemical					
Polymer					

	SEC	CTION 4 PHYSICAL/CHEMIC	CAL PROPERTIES		
Gener	al Instructions:				
If you	ou are reporting on a mix at are inappropriate to m	cture as defined in the mixtures by stating "NA	glossary, reply to que mixture."	estions in Section	
notio	questions 4.06-4.15, if yet that addresses the infamile in lieu of answering	formation requested, you	ı may submit a copy or		
PART	A PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL DAT	TA SUMMARY			
4.01 <u>CBI</u>	substance as it is manu substance in the final	rity for the three major afactured, imported, or product form for manufa or at the point you begi	processed. Measure thacturing activities, at	ne purity of the t the time you	
[_]	Unknown	Manufacture	Import	Process	
	Technical grade #1	% purity	% purity	% purity	
	Technical grade #2	% purity	% purity	% purity	
	Technical grade #3	% purity	% purity	% purity	
	_	tity of listed substance			
4.02	substance, and for ever an MSDS that you develo	rly updated Material Saf ry formulation containing oped and an MSDS develop ther at least one MSDS h	ng the listed substance bed by a different sour	e. If you possess cce, submit your	
1	Yes				
	No				
	Indicate whether the MS	SDS was developed by you	ir company or by a diff	ferent source.	
	Your company				

 $[\]$ Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

MOERIAL SAFETY DATA HEET

Mobay Corporation DIVISION ADDRESS A Bayer usa inc Company

MOBAY CORPORATION Polyurethane Division

Mobay Road

Pittsburgh, PA 15205-9741

ISSUE DATE SUPERSEDES 6/15/87 12/26/85

Bayer

TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY: CALL CHEMTREC TELEPHONE NO: 800-424-9300; DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA: 202-483-7616 MOBAY NON-TRANSPORTATION EMERGENCY NO.:

(412) 923-1800

I. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Mondur 531 PRODUCT NAME....

E-531 PRODUCT CODE NUMBER....:

CHEMICAL FAMILY....: Aromatic Isocyanate

Toluene Diisocyanate (TDF) - Diphenylmethane CHEMICAL NAME....:

Diisocyanate (MDI) Blend

26471-62-5 and 9016-87-9 CAS NUMBER....: Mixture - On Inventory T.S.C.A. STATUS....:

OSHA HAZARD COMMUNICATION

STATUS....: This product is hazardous under the criteria of

the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Not Applicable CHEMICAL FORMULA...:

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

COMPONENTS:	z :	OSHA-PEL	ACGIH-TLV
Toluene Diisocyanate (TDI) CAS# 26471-62-5	70-80	0.02 ppm Ceiling	0.005 ppm TWA 0.02 ppm STEL
Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate (MDI) CAS# 26447-40-5	5-15	0.02 ppm Ceiling	0.02 ppm Ceiling

PHYSICAL DATA III.

Liquid APPEARANCE....: Amber-Brown COLOR....: Sharp, Pungent ODOR....:

Greater than the TLV of 0.005 ppm ODOR THRESHOLD....:

MOLECULAR WEIGHT....: Not Applicable

Not Established for the blend; 55°F (13°C) for MELT POINT/FREEZE POINT..:

TDI

Not Established for the blend; 484°F (251°C) for BOILING POINT....:

TDI

Not Established for the blend; 0.025 mmHg @ 77°F VAPOR PRESSURE....:

(25°C) for TDI

6.0 for TDI VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1)....:

1.22 @ 77°F (25°C) SPECIFIC GRAVITY....:

10.18 lbs/gal BULK DENSITY....:

TDI and MDI react slowly with water at normal SOLUBILITY IN WATER....:

room temperature to liberate CO2 gas.

Negligible Z VOLATILE BY VOLUME....:

Product Code: E-531

Page 1 of 8

IV. FIRE & EXPLOSION DATA

FLASH POINT °F(°C)...... 275°F (135°C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup FLAMMABLE LIMITS -

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES/UNUSUAL FIRE OR EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Full emergency equipment with self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing (such as rubber gloves, boots, bands around legs, arms and waist) should be worn by fire fighters. No skin surface should be exposed. During a fire, TDI and MDI vapors and other irritating, highly toxic gases may generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. (See Section VIII). At temperatures greater than $350^{\circ}F$ (177°C) TDI and MDI form carbodiimides with the release of CO₂ which can cause pressure build-up in closed containers. Explosive rupture is possible. Therefore, use cold water to cool fire-exposed containers.

V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA

PRIMARY ROUTE(S) OF

ENTRY...... Inhalation of vapors or aerosols. Skin Contact from liquid, vapors or aerosols.

EFFECTS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE - Data have not been established for the blend. Data listed are for the individual MDI and TDI components. INHALATION:

Acute Exposure. TDI or MDI vapors, mist, or aerosols at concentrations above the TLV can irritate (burning sensation) the mucous membranes in the respiratory tract (nose, throat, lungs) causing runny nose, sore throat, coughing, chest discomfort, shortness of breath and reduced lung function (breathing obstruction). Persons with a preexisting, nonspecific bronchial hyperractivity can respond to concentrations below the TLV with similar symptoms as well as asthma attack. Exposure well above the TLV may lead to bronchitis, bronchial spasm and pulmonary edema (fluid in lungs). These effects are usually reversible. Chemical or hypersensitive pneumonitis, with flu-like symptoms (e.g., fever, chills), has also been reported. These symptoms can be delayed up to several hours after exposure.

Chronic Exposure. As a result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals may develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanate at levels well below the TLV. These symptoms, which can include chest tightness, wheezing, cough, shortness of breath or asthmatic attack, could be immediate or delayed up to several hours after exposure. Similar to many non-specific asthmatic responses, there are reports that once sensitized an individual can experience these symptoms upon exposure to dust, cold air or other irritants. This

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Page 2 of 8

V. HUMAN HEALTH DATA (Continued)

increased lung sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years. Chronic overexposure to isocyanate has also been reported to cause lung damage (including decrease in lung function) which may be permanent. Sensitization can either be temporary or permanent.

SKIN CONTACT

<u>Acute Exposure.</u> Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation which may include the following symptoms: reddening, swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. Cured material is difficult to remove.

<u>Chronic Exposure.</u> Prolonged contact can cause reddening, swelling, rash, scaling, blistering, and, in some cases, skin sensitization. Individuals who have developed a skin sensitization can develop these symptoms as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or as a result of exposure to vapor.

EYE CONTACT

<u>Acute Exposure</u>. Liquid, aerosols or vapors are severely irritating and can cause pain, tearing, reddening and swelling. If left untreated, corneal damage can occur and injury is slow to heal. However, damage is usually reversible. See Section VI for treatment.

Chronic Exposure. Prolonged vapor contact may cause conjunctivitis.

INGESTION

<u>Acute Exposure.</u> Can result in irritation and corrosive action in the mouth, stomach tissue and digestive tract. Symptoms can include sore throat, abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea.

Chronic Exposure. None found.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS

AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE.: Asthma, other respiratory disorders (bronchitis, emphysema, bronchial hyperractivity), skin allergies, eczema.

CARCINOGENICITY.....: Neither MDI nor polymeric MDI are listed by the NTP, IARC or regulated by OSHA as carcinogens. For TDI, no carcinogenic activity was observed in lifetime inhalation studies in rats and mice (International Isocyanate Institute).

NTP...... The National Toxicology Program reported that TDI caused an increase in the number of tumors in exposed rats over those counted in non-exposed rats. The TDI was administered in corn-oil and introduced into the stomach through a tube. Based on this study, the NTP has listed TDI as a substance that may reasonably be anticipated to be a carcinogen in its Fourth Annual Report on Carcinogens.

IARC...... IARC has announced that it will list TDI as a substance for which there is sufficient evidence for its carcinogenicity in experimental animals but inadequate evidence for the carcinogencity of TDI to humans (IARC Monograph 39).

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VI. EMERGENCY & FIRST AID PROCEDURES

EYE CONTACT.....: Flush with copious amounts of water, preferably lukewarm for at least 15 minutes holding eyelids open all the time. Refer individual to physician or an ophthalmologist for immediate follow-up.

SKIN CONTACT.....: Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Wash affected areas thoroughly with soap and water for at least 15 minutes. Tincture of green soap and water is also effective in removing isocyanates. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly before reuse. For severe exposures, get under safety shower after removing clothing, then get medical attention. For lesser exposures, seek medical attention if irritation develops or persists after the area is washed.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN.....: Eyes. Stain for evidence of corneal injury. If cornea is burned, instill antibiotic steroid preparation frequently. Workplace vapors have produced reversible corneal epithelial edema impairing vision. Skin. This compound is a known skin sensitizer. Treat symptomatically as for contact dermatitis or thermal burns. Ingestion. Treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Inducing vomiting is contraindicated because of the irritating nature of the compound. Respiratory. This compound is a known pulmonary sensitizer. Treatment is essentially symptomatic. An individual having a skin or pulmonary sensitization reaction to this material should be removed from exposure to any isocyanate.

VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS

EYE PROTECTION....: Liquid chemical goggles or full-face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn. If vapor exposure is causing irritation, use a full-face, air-supplied respirator.

SKIN PROTECTION.....: Chemical resistant gloves (butyl rubber, nitrile rubber, polyvinyl alcohol). However, please note that PVA degrades in water. Cover as much of the exposed skin area as possible with appropriate clothing. If skin creams are used, keep the area covered only by the cream to a minimum. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION...: An approved positive pressure air-supplied respirator is required whenever TDI or MDI concentrations are not known or exceed the Short-Term Exposure or Ceiling Limit of 0.02 ppm or exceed the 8-hour Time Weighted Average TLV of 0.005 ppm. An approved air-supplied respirator with full facepiece must also be worn during spray application, even if exhaust ventilation is used. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure limits may be greatly exceeded, use an approved, positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus. TDI and MDI have poor warning properties since the odor at which these isocyanates can be smelled is substantially higher than 0.02 ppm. Observe OSHA regulations for respirator use (29 CFR 1910.134).

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VII. EMPLOYEE PROTECTION RECOMMENDATIONS (Continued)

VENTILATION...... Local exhaust should be used to maintain levels below the TLV whenever isocyanates are handled, processed, or spray-applied. At normal room temperatures (70°F) TDI levels quickly exceed the TLV unless properly ventilated. Standard reference sources regarding industrial ventilation (e.g., ACGIH Industrial Ventilation) should be consulted for guidance about adequate ventilation.

MONITORING.....: Isocyanate exposure levels must be monitored by accepted monitoring techniques to ensure that the TLV is not exceeded. (Contact Mobay for guidance). See Volume 1 (Chapter 17) and Volume 3 (Chapter 3) in Patty's Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology for sampling strategy.

MEDICAL SURVEILLANCE....: Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with isocyanates are recommended. These should include preemployment and periodic medical examinations with respiratory function tests (FEV, FVC as a minimum). Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases or recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with isocyanates. Once a person is diagnosed as sensitized to isocyanates, no further exposure can be permitted.

OTHER...... Safety showers and eyewash stations should be available. Educate and train employees in safe use of product. Follow all label instructions.

VIII. REACTIVITY DATA

INCOMPATIBILITY

(MATERIALS TO AVOID)...: Water, amines, strong bases, alcohols. Will cause some corrosion to copper alloys and aluminum. Reacts with water to form heat, $\rm CO_2$ and insoluble ureas.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION

PRODUCTS..... By high heat and fire: carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, traces of HCN, TDI and MDI vapors, mist and aerosols.

IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Evacuate and ventilate spill area; dike spill to prevent entry into water system; wear full protective equipment, including respiratory equipment during clean-up. (See Section VII).

Major Spill: Call Mobay at 412/923-1800. If transportation spill, call CHEMTREC 800/424-9300. If temporary control of isocyanate vapor is required, a blanket of protein foam (available at most fire departments) may be placed over the spill. Large quantities may be pumped into closed, but not sealed, container for disposal.

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IX. SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES (Continued)

Minor Spill: Absorb isocyanate with sawdust or other absorbent, shovel into suitable unsealed containers, transport to well-ventilated area (outside) and treat with neutralizing solution: mixture of water (80%) with non-ionic surfactant Tergitol TMN-10 (20%), or; water (90%), concentrated ammonia (3-8%) and detergent (2%). Add about 10 parts or neutralizer per part of isocyanate, with mixing. Allow to stand uncovered for 48 hours to let CO₂ escape.

Clean-up: Decontaminate floor with decontamination solution letting stand for at least 15 minutes.

CERCLA (SUPERFUND) REPORTABLE QUANTITY: 100 pounds for TDI. None reported for MDI.

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD....: Follow all federal, state or local regulations. TDI must be disposed of in a permitted incinerator or landfill. Incineration is the preferred method for liquids. Solids are usually incinerated or landfilled. Empty containers must be handled with care due to product residue. Decontaminate containers prior to disposal. Empty decontaminated containers should be crushed to prevent reuse. DO NOT HEAT OR CUT EMPTY CONTAINER WITH ELECTRIC OR GAS TORCH. (See Sections IV and VIII). Vapors and gases may be highly toxic.

RCRA STATUS.....: TDI is listed as a hazardous waste (No. U-223) under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations, Section 261.33 (f). The residue from decontaminating a TDI spill is also classified as a hazardous waste under Section 261.3 (c)(2) or RCRA.

X. SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS & STORAGE DATA

STORAGE TEMPERATURE

(MIN./MAX.)..... 70°F (21°C)/90°F (32°C)

AVERAGE SHELF LIFE..... 12 months

SPECIAL SENSITIVITY

(HEAT, LIGHT, MOISTURE).: If container is exposed to high heat, 375°F (177°C) it can be pressurized and possibly rupture. TDI and MDI react slowly with water to form polyureas and liberates CO₂ gas. This gas can cause sealed containers to expand and possibly rupture.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN

IN HANDLING AND STORING.: Store in tightly closed containers to prevent moisture contamination. Do not reseal if contamination is suspected. Prevent all contact. Do not breathe the vapors. Warning properties (irritation of the eyes, nose and throat or odor) are not adequate to prevent chronic overexposure from inhalation. This material can produce asthmatic sensitization upon either single inhalation exposure to a relatively high concentration or upon repeated inhalation exposures to lower concentrations. Exposure to vapors of heated TDI or MDI can be extremely dangerous. Employee education and training in safe handling of this product are required under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

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XI. SHIPPING DATA

D.O.T. SHIPPING NAME....: Poisonous Liquid NOS TECHNICAL SHIPPING NAME...: Toluene Diisocyanate-Diphenylmethane Diisocyanate Blend D.O.T. HAZARD CLASS....: Poison B UN/NA NO....: UN 2810 PRODUCT RQ..... 125 lbs. D.O.T. LABELS..... Poison D.O.T. PLACARDS..... Poison FRT. CLASS BULK..... Chemicals, NOI (Toluene Diisocyanate) FRT. CLASS PKG..... Chemicals, NOI (Toluene Diisocyanate), NMFC 60000 PRODUCT LABEL.... Mondur 531 Product Label

XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA

ACUTE TOXICITY..... Toxicity data has not been established for the Blend. Data listed are for the individual TDI and MDI components. For MDI, the LD₅₀ (rats) is greater than 15,800 mg/kg. DERMAL, LD50.... Expected to be greater than 7900 mg/kg (rabbits). INHALATION, LC50..(4-hr): TDI, being more volatile than MDI, presents a greater hazard. The LC $_{50}$ (rats) for TDI ranges from 16-50 ppm (approx. 114-356 mg/m³) while for aerosols of MDI it ranges from 370-490 mg/m³. EYE EFFECTS..... TDI is a severe eye irritant capable of inducing corneal opacity. By contrast, MDI is only slightly irritating. SKIN EFFECTS..... Moderate skin irritant; however, repeated or prolonged contact may culminate in severe skin irritation and/or corrosion. SENSITIZATION..... Both TDI and MDI are dermal sensitizers (guinea pig). One study on TDI in guinea pigs reported that repeated dermal contact induced pulmonary sensitization. Although not well defined in animal models, both TDI and MDI are known to be pulmonary sensitizers in humans. Furthermore, there is some evidence to suggest that cross-sensitization between the two diisocyanates can occcur.

SUBCHRONIC/CHRONIC TOXICITY: Pulmonary irritation and inflammation of the upper respiratory tract are the primary ill-effects following extended or excessive exposures to aerosols or vapors of MDI (both polymeric and monomeric forms) and TDI. Common pathologic effects include emphysema, pulmonary edema, pneumonitis and rhinitis. For TDI, extended exposures to as low as 0.1 ppm (0.71 mg/m³) have induced pulmonary inflammation in rats. For MDI, these effects are seen starting around 4 mg/m³.

OTHER:

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XII. ANIMAL TOXICITY DATA (Continued)

exposure levels produced extensive irritation to the nasal passages and upper respiratory system of the test animals indicating that suitable effective exposures were administered. The International Isocyanate Institute is sponsoring a lifetime inhalation study on polymeric MDI in rats. This study is currently underway.

AQUATIC TOXICITY..... (For TDI)

LC₅₀ -96 hr (static): 165 mg/liter (Fathead minnow)

LC₅₀ - 96 hr (static): Greater than 508 mg/liter (Grass shrimp)

LC₅₀ - 96 hr (static): Greater than 500 mg/liter (Daphnia magna)

(For MDI)

LC₅₀ - 96 hr (static): Greater than 500 mg/liter for Daphnia magna, Limnea stagnalis, and Zebra fish (Brachydanio rerio) for both monomeric nad polymeric forms.

XIII. APPROVALS

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Page 8 of 8

4.03	Submit a copy or reasonable facsimile of any hazard information (other than an MSDS) that is provided to your customers/users regarding the listed substance or any
	formulation containing the listed substance. Indicate whether this information has been submitted by circling the appropriate response.
	Yes ''Safe use instructions"
	No 2
4.04	For each activity that uses the listed substance, circle all the applicable number(s) corresponding to each physical state of the listed substance during the activity listed. Physical states for importing and processing activities are determined at the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Physical states for
<u>CBI</u>	manufacturing, storage, disposal and transport activities are determined using the final state of the product.

	Physical State				
Activity	Solid	Slurry	Liquid	Liquified Gas	Gas
Manufacture	1	2	3	4	5
Import	1	2	3	4	5
Process	1	2	3	4	5
Store	1	2	3	4	5
Dispose	1	2	3	4	5
Transport		2	3	4	5

[__] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

CORE - SAFE USE INSTRUCTIONS

SEE SPECIFIC MSDS FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

ADHESIVES - SOLVENT-BASED POLYURETHANES, EPOXIES, SEALERS

PAGE 01

FID #:040788

Latest Revision Date: 01/01/86

Material Identity: E-531

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE EMERGENCY FIRST AID CNS EFFECTS - HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, CONTACT MEDICAL. IRRITANT, EYE & SKIN DRY OR CRACKED SKIN - IMMEDIATELY FLUSH WITH WATER. CONTACT MEDICAL. HARMFUL BY INGESTION GASTROINTESTINAL CONTACT MEDICAL. MAY BE SENSITIZER ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY OR SKIN REACTION. SHORTNESS OF BREATH. MAY BE HARMFUL BY SKIN - POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY FFECTS EMERGENCY FIRST AID REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. CONTACT MEDICAL. CONTACT MEDICAL. - - POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY - POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY - POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY - - POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY - - POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY - - - - - - - - - - - - -		*	
HARMFUL BY INHALATION CNS EFFECTS - HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, UNCONSCIOUSNESS, DEATH DRY OR CRACKED SKIN - RASH REDNESS AND/OR BURNING ITCHING HARMFUL BY INGESTION GASTROINTESTINAL DISTURBANCE MAY BE SENSITIZER ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY OR SKIN REACTION. SHORTNESS OF BREATH. MAY BE HARMFUL BY SKIN - POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. CONTACT MEDICAL. CONTACT MEDICAL. CONTACT MEDICAL.	ROUTES OF EXPOSURE		
RASH REDNESS AND/OR BURNING ITCHING HARMFUL BY INGESTION GASTROINTESTINAL DISTURBANCE MAY BE SENSITIZER ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY OR SKIN REACTION. SHORTNESS OF BREATH. MAY BE HARMFUL BY SKIN ABSORPTION POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY CONTACT MEDICAL. CONTACT MEDICAL. FOR THE DICAL. MEDICAL. ABOUT MEDICAL. FOR THE DICAL. FOR THE DICA	HARMFUL BY INHALATION	CNS EFFECTS - HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA,	REMOVE TO FRESH AIR.
DISTURBANCE MAY BE SENSITIZER ALLERGIC RESPIRATORY OR SKIN REACTION. SHORTNESS OF BREATH. MAY BE FLAMMABLE	IRRITANT, EYE & SKIN	RASH REDNESS AND/OR	
SKIN REACTION. SHORTNESS OF BREATH. MAY BE FLAMMABLE	HARMFUL BY INGESTION		CONTACT MEDICAL.
MAY BE HARMFUL BY SKIN ABSORPTION - POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY -	MAY BE SENSITIZER	SKIN REACTION.	10 m
ABSORPTION - POSSIBLE LIVER, KIDNEY -	MAY BE FLAMMABLE	-	- -
		-	-
	-		-

^{*} Individual materials may contain additional chemical Ingredients which have toxic properties and are listed in the NIOSH Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical substances.

USE INSTRUCTIONS

DO NOT USE IN CONFINED AREAS WITHOUT FIRST CONSULTING CONFINED SPACE PROCEDURE. BREATHING VAPORS MAY BE HAZARDOUS. VENTILATION MAY BE REQUIRED, WHERE FEASIBLE, TO MAINTAIN CONCENTRATIONS BELOW APPLICABLE LIMITS (OSHA, GM EMPLOYE EXPOSURE GUIDELINES).

AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN.

KEEP CONTAINER TIGHTLY CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE OR EMPTY.

KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS, AND OPEN FLAMES.

NO SMOKING ALLOWED IN AREA OF USE.

WASH HANDS AFTER USE AND BEFORE EATING, DRINKING SMOKING OR APPLYING COSMETICS.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

SAFETY GLASSES OR GOGGLES IF POTENTIAL FOR SPLASHING EXISTS.
IMPERVIOUS GLOVES MAY BE NECESSARY. RECOMMENDED TYPE:
RESPIRATOR: YES NO RECOMMENDED TYPE:

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

ADHESIVES - SOLVENT-BASED POLYURETHANES, EPOXIES, SEALERS

PAGE 02

FID #:040788

Latest Revision Date: 01/01/86

Material Identity: E-531

FIRE FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS

- Continuation -

USE CLASS B OR C FIRE EXTINGUISHING AGENT.

USE WATER TO COOL EXPOSED CONTAINERS.

USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS.

SPILL AND LEAK INSTRUCTIONS

CONTAIN SPILL AND PREVENT ENTERING SEWER IF POSSIBLE. CONTACT SUPERVISOR. EVACUATION OF AREA MAY BE NECESSARY. NOTIFY PLANT SECURITY.

STORAGE INSTRUCTIONS

STORE AWAY FROM HEAT AND DIRECT SUNLIGHT.
STORE IN APPROVED MATERIAL STORAGE AREA.
COMBUSTIBLE AND FLAMMABLE MATERIALS MAY NOT BE STORED TOGETHER.
STORE AWAY FROM STRONG OXIDIZING AGENTS.

DISPOSAL INSTRUCTIONS

CHECK LOCAL POLICY.

OTHER COMMENTS

WHEN HEATED, MAY YIELD TOXIC FUMES.

<u>CBI</u>	particles >10 microns in diameter. Measure the physical state and particle sizes for importing and processing activities at the time you import or begin to process the listed substance. Measure the physical state and particle sizes for manufacturing storage, disposal and transport activities using the final state of the product.								
	N/A Physical State	Handled in Liquid	State Manufacture	Import	Process	Store	Dispose	Transport	
	Dust	<1 micron							
		1 to <5 microns							
		5 to <10 microns			-			 	
	Powder	<1 micron							
		1 to <5 microns							
		5 to <10 microns							
	Fiber	<1 micron							
		1 to <5 microns							
		5 to <10 microns							
	Aerosol	<1 micron						- IANG	
		1 to <5 microns				 			
		5 to <10 microns							

PART	A R	ATE CONSTANTS AND TRANSFORMATION PRODUCTS								
5.01	Indicate the rate constants for the following transformation processes.									
	a.	Photolysis:								
		Absorption spectrum coefficient (peak) \dots	871 (1/M cm) at 284	_ nm						
		Reaction quantum yield, 6								
		Direct photolysis rate constant, $k_{\rm p}$, at	1.2×10^{-3} 1/hr when NO ₂ 1	latitude						
	b.	Oxidation constants at 25°C:	photolyši 0.37/hr(2	Jucci						
		For 10_2 (singlet oxygen), k_{ox}	No information	_ 1/M hr						
		For RO_2 (peroxy radical), k_{ox}	No information	1/M hr						
	c.	Five-day biochemical oxygen demand, BOD ₅	Not applicable due to							
	d.	Biotransformation rate constant:								
		For bacterial transformation in water, k_b	No oxygen consumed	1/hr						
		Specify culture								
	e.	Hydrolysis rate constants:								
		For base-promoted process, k_B	No information	_ 1/M hi						
		For acid-promoted process, k_{A}								
		For neutral process, k_N	No information	_ 1/hr						
	f.	Chemical reduction rate (specify conditions) Not expected								
				_						
	g.	Other (such as spontaneous degradation)	Polyurea formation under	_						
		hydrolytic conditions. (4)								

[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

.02	a.	Specify the half-l	ife of the listed substar	nce in the follow	ing media.	
		Media		Half-life (speci	ify units)	
		Groundwater	1 day in	water solution (4)	
		Atmosphere	26 hr (2)		
		Surface water	1 day in	water solution (4)	
		Soil	1 day (4)		.,
	b.	Identify the lister life greater than	d substance's known trans 24 hours.	sformation product	ts that have	a half-
		CAS No.	Name	<pre>Half-life (specify units)</pre>	Me	edia
		Net found	Polyurea	1 yr	in <u>water</u>	and soil
		95-80-7	2,4-Toluene diamine	1 day	in <u>biolog</u>	gical waste
		823-40-5	2,6-Toluene diamine	_1_day		treatment
		5206-52-0	Urea, NNNN'-bis(3-i	so <u>cyanato-4 methy</u> Unknown half-1		
.03	Spe	cify the octanol-wa	ter partition coefficient	, K _{ow} reacts	with both	at 25°C
	Met	hod of calculation	or determination	octano	1 and water	_
.04	Spe	cify the soil-water	partition coefficient, h	reacts	with	at 25°C
	Soi	l type		water		_
.05	Spe	cify the organic car	rbon-water partition	reacts	with	at 25°C
		, · •c		water		
.06	Spe	cify the Henry's La	w Constant, H	reacts	with at	m-m³/mole

5.07 List the bioconcentration factor (BCF) of the listed substance, the species for which it was determined, and the type of test used in deriving the BCF.

ioconcentration Factor	<u>Species</u>	<u>Test</u>
None detected	Moina macrocopa Straus	Not defined (4)
None detected	Cyprinus carpio	Not defined (4)

F = Flowthrough

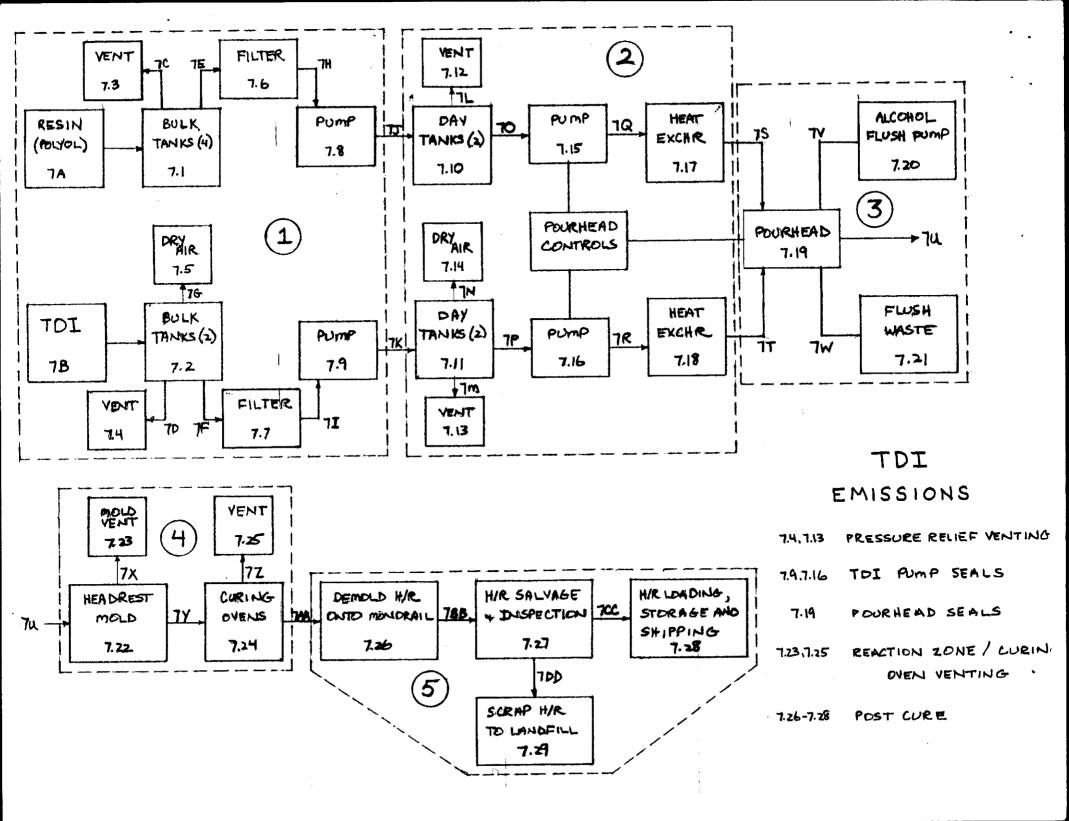
S = Static

- (1) Phillips and Nachod, eds., Organic Electronic Spectral Data, Vol IV, pg. 200.
- (2) K.H. Becker, V. Bastian and Th. Klein, The reactions of toluenediisocyanate, toluenediamine and methylenedianiline under simulated atmospheric conditions, J. Photochem, and Photobiol., A: Chemistry, 45 (1988) 195-205.
- (3) N. Caspers, B. Hamburger, R. Kanne and Waklebert, Ecotoxicity of TDI, MDI, TDA and MDA, Report to the International Isocyanate Institute, E-CE-41, 1986. Quoted in D.S. Gilbert, Fate of TDI and MDI in Air, Soil and Water, Polyurethanes World Congress 1987, Proceedings of the SPI/FSK.
- (4) F.K. Brochhagen and B.M. Grieveson, Environmental aspects of isocyanates in water and soil, Cellular Polymers, 3 (1984) 11-17.
- (5) K. Marcali, Microdetermination of toluenediisocyanate in atmosphere, Anal. Chem. 29 (1957) 552-558.
- (6) G.A. Campbell, T.J. Dearlove and W.C. Meluch, Diisocyanatotolyl urea, U.S. Patent 3,906,019 (1975), Chem. Abs. 84:5645h.

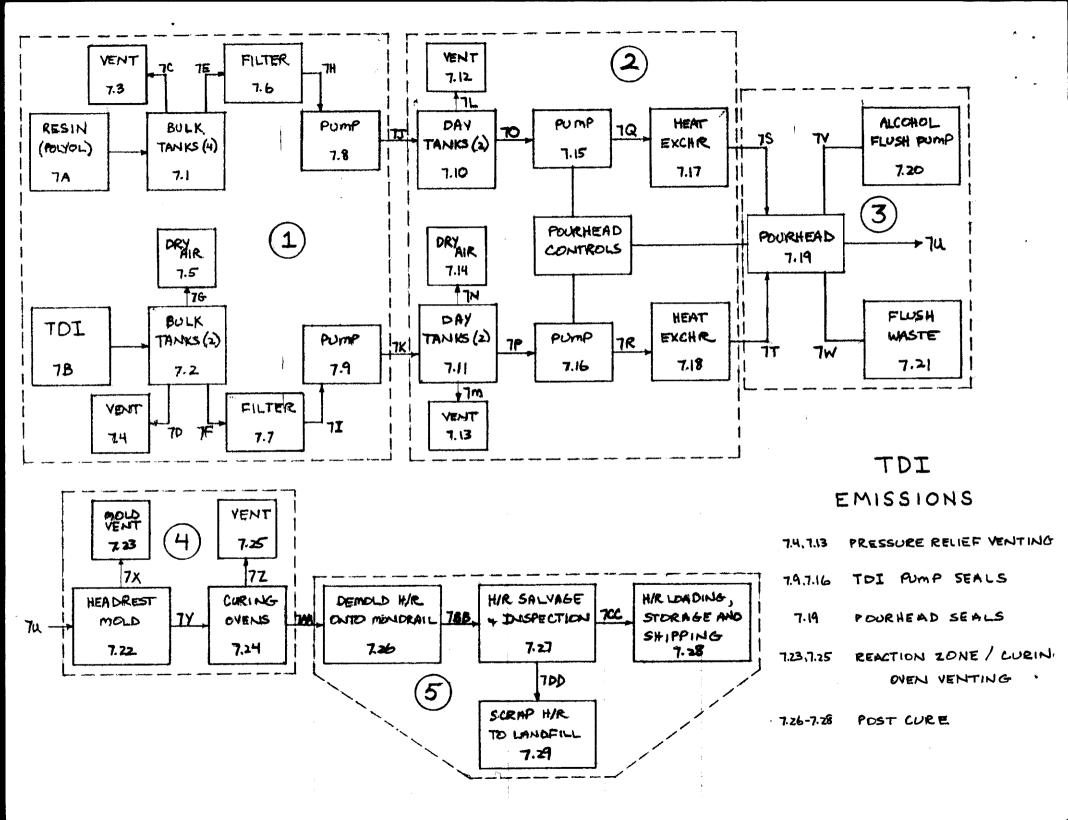
¹Use the following codes to designate the type of test:

		0 114- 0-11	m-+-1 C-1
	Market	Quantity Sold or Transferred (kg/yr)	Total Sales Value (\$/yr)
	Retail sales		
	Distribution Wholesalers		
	Distribution Retailers		
	Intra-company transfer		
	Repackagers		
	Mixture producers		
	Article producers		
	Other chemical manufacturers or processors		
	Exporters		
	Other (specify)		
6.05	Substitutes List all known commerctor the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is end which	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo	e. A commercially gically feasible to us
6.05 <u>CBI</u>	for the listed substance and state the	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo	e. A commercially gically feasible to us
	for the listed substance and state th feasible substitute is one which is e in your current operation, and which	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo	e. A commercially gically feasible to us
	for the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is e in your current operation, and which performance in its end uses.	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo	e. A commercially gically feasible to us ct with comparable
	for the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is experience in your current operation, and which performance in its end uses. Substitute	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo	e. A commercially gically feasible to us ct with comparable
	for the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is experience in your current operation, and which performance in its end uses. Substitute	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo	e. A commercially gically feasible to us ct with comparable
	for the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is experience in your current operation, and which performance in its end uses. Substitute	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo	e. A commercially gically feasible to us ct with comparable
	for the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is experience in your current operation, and which performance in its end uses. Substitute	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo	e. A commercially gically feasible to us ct with comparable
	for the listed substance and state the feasible substitute is one which is experience in your current operation, and which performance in its end uses. Substitute	e cost of each substitut conomically and technolo	e. A commercially gically feasible to us ct with comparable

SECTION 7 MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING INFORMATION	
General Instructions:	
For questions 7.04-7.06, provide a separate response for each process block flow diagram provided in questions 7.01, 7.02, and 7.03. Identify the process type from which the information is extracted.	
PART A MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING PROCESS TYPE DESCRIPTION	
7.01 In accordance with the instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing major (greatest volume) process type involving the listed substance. CBI	the
[_] Process type Polyurethane foam manufacturing process	



7.03 CBI	process emission stream which, if combined, won treated before emission from one process type, for question 7.01. If	instructions, provide a process block flow diagram showing all sand emission points that contain the listed substance and ld total at least 90 percent of all facility emissions if not into the environment. If all such emissions are released provide a process block flow diagram using the instructions all such emissions are released from more than one process block flow diagram showing each process type as a separate
	Process type	POLYURETHANE FOAM MFG.
11	rrocess type	



7.04 Describe the typical equipment types for each unit operation identified in your process block flow diagram(s). If a process block flow diagram is provided for more than one process type, photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.

CBI

Process type Polyurethane foam manufacturing process

Unit Operation ID Number	Typical Equipment Type	Operating Temperature Range (°C)	Operating Pressure Range (mm Hg)	Vessel Composition
7.1,7.2	BULK TANK, 304 ST.STL.	25	1290	PHENOLICLINED
7.8	GEAR PUMP	25	3100	STEEL
7.9 7.6	CANNED MOTOR PUMP CUND MICRO WYND FILTER	25 25	<u>2330</u> 3100	STEEL STEEL
7.7	CUND MICRO WYND FILTER	25	2330	CLOTH
7.10	200 GAL. DAY TANKS	25	1550	STEEL
7.11	200 GAL. DAY TANK	25	1030	STEEL
7.5,7.14	PALL AIR DRYER	25	4100	STEEL
7.15	ZENITH GEAR PUMP	25	10,350	STEEL
7.16	ZENITH GEAR PUMP	25	1030	STEEL
7.17	SHELL & TUBE HT. EX.	25	10,350	STEEL
7.18	SHELL & TUBE HT. EX.	25	1030	STEEL
7.19	MARTIN SWEETS POUR HEAD	25	1030	STEEL
7.22	HEADREST MOLD	65	760	ALUMINUM
7.24	CURING OVENS	120	760	STEEL
7.20	GRACO AIR PUMP	25	1500	STEEL
7.3,4,12,13.	RELIEF VALVE	25	1500	STEEL

[[]_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

RESIN FROM TANK TRUCK OL 630,000 7B TDI FROM TANK TRUCK OL 255,000 7C,D,L,M, PRESSURE RELIEF VENTING GU UNKNOWN 7X,Z GENERAL VENTILATION GU UNKNOWN 7F,1,K,P,R,T. TDI OL 255,000 7E,H,J,O,Q,S. POLYOL OL 620,000 7U,Y,AA,BB,CC,DD. POLYURETHANE FOAM SO 875,000 7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 7W FLUSH WASTE OL 8700 1Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid		Process type	···· _ Tory are charte Tour man	ufacturing process	
TDI FROM TANK TRUCK OL 255,000 7C,D,L,M, PRESSURE RELIEF VENTING GU UNKNOWN 7X,Z GENERAL VENTILATION GU UNKNOWN 7G,N DRY AIR BLANKET GU UNKNOWN 7F,I,K,P,R,T. TDI OL 255,000 7E,H,J,0,Q,S. POLYOL OL 620,000 7U,Y,AA,BB,CC,DD. POLYURETHANE FOAM SO 875,000 7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 7W FLUSH WASTE OL 8700 1Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid		Stream ID		Physical State ¹	Stream Flow (kg/y
7C,D,L,M, PRESSURE RELIEF VENTING GU UNKNOWN 7X,Z GENERAL VENTILATION GU UNKNOWN 7G,N DRY AIR BLANKET GU UNKNOWN 7F,I,K,P,R,T. TDI OL 255,000 7E,H,J,O,Q,S. POLYOL OL 620,000 7U,Y,AA,BB,CC,DD. POLYURETHANE FOAM SO 875,000 7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 7W FLUSH WASTE OL 8700 1 Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid		7A	RESIN FROM TANK TRUCK	<u> </u>	630,000
7X,Z GENERAL VENTILATION GU UNKNOWN 7G,N DRY AIR BLANKET GU UNKNOWN 7F,I,K,P,R,T. TDI OL 255,000 7E,H,J,O,Q,S. POLYOL OL 620,000 7U,Y,AA,BB,CC,DD. POLYURETHANE FOAM SO 875,000 7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 7W FLUSH WASTE OL 8700 ¹Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid		7B	TDI FROM TANK TRUCK	OL	255,000
7G,N DRY AIR BLANKET GU UNKNOWN 7F,I,K,P,R,T. TDI OL 255,000 7E,H,J,O,Q,S. POLYOL OL 620,000 7U,Y,AA,BB,CC,DD. POLYURETHANE FOAM SO 875,000 7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 7W FLUSH WASTE OL 8700 1Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid		7C,D,L,M,	PRESSURE RELIEF VENTING	GU	UNKNOWN
7F,I,K,P,R,T. TDI OL 255,000 7E,H,J,O,Q,S. POLYOL OL 620,000 7U,Y,AA,BB,CC,DD. POLYURETHANE FOAM SO 875,000 7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 7W FLUSH WASTE OL 8700 1 Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid		7X , Z	GENERAL VENTILATION	GU	UNKNOWN
7E,H,J,O,Q,S. POLYOL OL 620,000 7U,Y,AA,BB,CC,DD. POLYURETHANE FOAM SO 875,000 7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 1Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid		7G,N	DRY AIR BLANKET	GU	UNKNOWN
7E,H,J,O,Q,S. POLYOL OL 620,000 7U,Y,AA,BB,CC,DD. POLYURETHANE FOAM SO 875,000 7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 TW FLUSH WASTE OL 8700 1 Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid		7F,I,K,P,R,T.	TDI	0L	255,000
7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 7W FLUSH WASTE OL 8700 1 Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid			POLYOL	0L	620,000
7V ALCOHOL FLUSH OL 7900 7W FLUSH WASTE OL 8700 1 Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid		7U,Y,AA,BB,CC,	DD. POLYURETHANE FOAM	SO	875,000
Use the following codes to designate the physical state for each process stream: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid			ALCOHOL FLUSH		
GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = Solid SY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid					
IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)					

_]	Process typ	POLYURE	THANE FOAM MFG.		
	a.	b.	с.	d.	е.
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds ¹	Concen- trations ^{2,3} (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentration (% or ppm)
	7A,E,H, J,0,Q,S.	POLYOL	100% (A)(W)	NA	NA
	7B,F,I,	TDI	- — MFG 70-80%(MSDA)	NA	NA
	K,P,R,T	MDI	5-15%(MEGA)	NA	NA
	7C,L,X,Z.	AIR	100%(E)(V)	NA	NA
	7G,N.	DRY AIR	100%(E)(V)	NA	NA
)6	continued b	elow			

	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.
	Process Stream ID Code	Known Compounds ¹	Concen- trations ^{2,3} (% or ppm)	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concentrations (% or ppm)
	7D,M.	DRY AIR	99.9%(E)(V)	NA	NA NA
		TDI	0.1%(E)(V)	NA	NA NA
	7W	TECSOL 3	90%(E)(W)	NA -	NA
		TDI	5%(E)(W)	NA	NA
		POLYOL	5%(E)(W)	NA	NA NA
		TECSOL 3	100%(E)(W)	NA .	NA
	7U,Y,AA, BB,CC,DD.	POLYURETHANE FOAM	100%(E)(W)	NA	NA
.06	continued be	elow .			
			2		

7.06	(continued)
	¹ For each additive package introduced into a process stream, specify the compounds that are present in each additive package, and the concentration of each component.

Assign an additive package number to each additive package and list this number in

column b. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example. Refer to the glossary for the definition of additive package.)

2 3 4 Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was determine A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured: V = Volume	itive e Number	Components of Additive Packag	<u>e</u>	Concentrations (% or ppm)
Jse the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined. A = Analytical result B = Engineering judgement/calculation Jse the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:	<u> </u>			
Jse the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined. A = Analytical result B = Engineering judgement/calculation Jse the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:				
3 Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:		<u> </u>		
Jse the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined. A = Analytical result B = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:				
Jse the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined A = Analytical result B = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:				
Jse the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined A = Analytical result B = Engineering judgement/calculation Jse the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:	<u> </u>			
Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:				
Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:				
Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was determined A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:				
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:			<u>_</u>	
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:				
A = Analytical result E = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:	-			4-1
E = Engineering judgement/calculation Use the following codes to designate how the concentration was measured:	following codes to desi	ignate how the	concentration w	as determined:
		ulation		
V = Volume	following codes to desi	ignate how the	concentration w	as measured:
W = Weight				

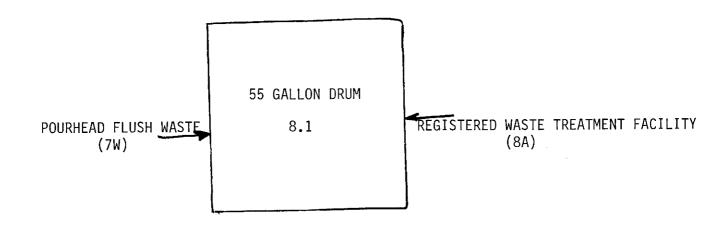
PART A RESIDUAL TREATMENT PROCESS DESCRIPTION

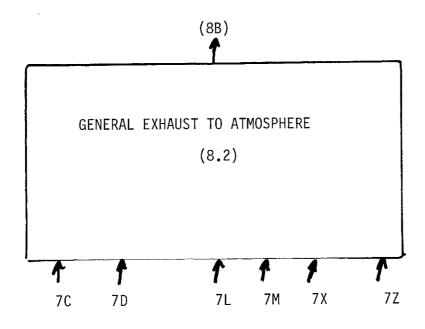
8.01 In accordance with the instructions, provide a residual treatment block flow diagram which describes the treatment process used for residuals identified in question 7.01.

CBI

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Process type POLYURETHANE FOAM MFG.





8.05 CBI	diagram	(s). If a r	esidual treaccopy this que instruction	atment block for uestion and components for further	in your residua low diagram is mplete it separ r explanation a	provided for ately for ea	r more than on ich process
[_]	Process	type	··· POLYU	RETHANE FOAM N	1FG.		
	a.	b.	c.	d.	е.	f.	g٠
	Stream ID Code	Type of Hazardous Waste	Physical State of Residual ²	Known Compounds ³	Concentra- tions (% or ppm) 4,5,6	Other Expected Compounds	Estimated Concen- trations (% or ppm)
	7W	I	0L	TECSOL3	90% (E)(W)		
			0L	POLYOL	5% (E)(W)		
			0L	TDI	_5% (E)(W)		
	7C,L,X	<u>,</u> Z.	GU	AIR	100% (E)(V)		
	7D,M.		GU	DRY AIR	99.9% (E)(V)		
				TDI	o.1% (E)(V)		
					- Andrews		
8.05	continu	ed below					

8.05 (continued) ¹Use the following codes to designate the type of hazardous waste: I = Ignitable C = Corrosive R = Reactive E = EP toxicT = ToxicH = Acutely hazardous ²Use the following codes to designate the physical state of the residual: GC = Gas (condensible at ambient temperature and pressure) GU = Gas (uncondensible at ambient temperature and pressure) SO = SolidSY = Sludge or slurry AL = Aqueous liquid OL = Organic liquid IL = Immiscible liquid (specify phases, e.g., 90% water, 10% toluene)

8.05 continued below

Additive kage Number	Components of Additive Package	Concentratio (% or ppm)
1		
-		
-		
2		
-		
3		
_		
-		

[_] Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

8.05 continued below

8.05	(continue	d)	
	⁵ Use the	following codes to designate how the concentration was meas	ured:
	V = Volum W = Weigh		
	⁶ Specify below.	the analytical test methods used and their detection limits Assign a code to each test method used and list those codes	in the table in column e.
	Code	Method	Detection Limi (<u>t</u> ug/l)
	1		
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		

Process	type	POL	/URETHANE FO	AM MFG.			
a. Stream ID	b. Waste Description	c. Management Method	d. Residual Quantities	Mana	e. ngement idual (%)	f. Costs for Off-Site Management	g. Changes Manageme
Code	Code ¹	Code ²	(kg/yr)	On-Site		(per kg)	Methods
8A	B70	M6	UNKNOWN	<u>NA</u>	100%	60 \$/kg	NA
8B	B 9 1	M5	UNKNOWN	100%	NA	UNKNOWN	NA
-	-						
						-	
				 lesionate	the waste	descriptions	

[_]		Ch	oustion amber ture (°C)	Temp	tion of erature nitor	In Co	ence Time mbustion (seconds)
	Incinerator	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary	Primary	Secondary
	1		- 10-			****	
	2						
	3						
			of Solid Wast ropriate resp		s been submit	ted in lieu	of response
	Yes	• • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • •			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1
	No					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2
8.23	s not apply Complete the fare used on-si treatment bloc	te to burn	the residuals	three larges s identified	t (by capacit in your proc	ry) incinera eess block o	tors that r residual
*Doe 8.23 <u>CBI</u>	Complete the fare used on-si	te to burn	the residuals ram(s). Air Po	three larges identified ollution Device	t (by capacit in your proc	eess block of Type: Emission	r residual s of
8.23 <u>CBI</u>	Complete the fare used on-sitreatment block	te to burn	the residuals ram(s). Air Po	s identified	t (by capacit in your proc	eess block of Type: Emission	r residual s of ns Data
8.23 <u>CBI</u>	Complete the fare used on-sitreatment block Incinerator	te to burn	the residuals ram(s). Air Po	s identified	t (by capacit	eess block of Type: Emission	r residual s of ns Data
8.23 <u>CBI</u>	Incinerator 2 Indicate	te to burn k flow diag	the residuals ram(s). Air Po	ollution Device te survey ha	in your proc	Type: Emission Avai	r residual s of ns Data lable
8.23 <u>CBI</u>	Incinerator 2 Indicate by circle	te to burn k flow diag if Office ing the app	the residuals ram(s). Air Po Control	ollution L Device te survey ha	in your proc	Types Emission Avai	r residual s of ns Data lable of response
8.23 <u>CBI</u>	Incinerator 1 2 3 Indicate by circl Yes	te to burn k flow diag if Office ing the app	Air Po Control of Solid Wast	ollution L Device te survey ha	s been submit	Type: Emission Avai	r residual s of ns Data lable of response
8.23 <u>CBI</u>	Incinerator 1 2 3 Indicate by circl Yes	te to burn k flow diag	of Solid Wast	ollution L Device te survey ha	s been submit	Type: Emission Avai	r residual s of ns Data lable of response

PART A EMPLOYMENT AND POTENTIAL EXPOSURE PROFILE

9.01 Mark (X) the appropriate column to indicate whether your company maintains records on the following data elements for hourly and salaried workers. Specify for each data element the year in which you began maintaining records and the number of years the records for that data element are maintained. (Refer to the instructions for further explanation and an example.)

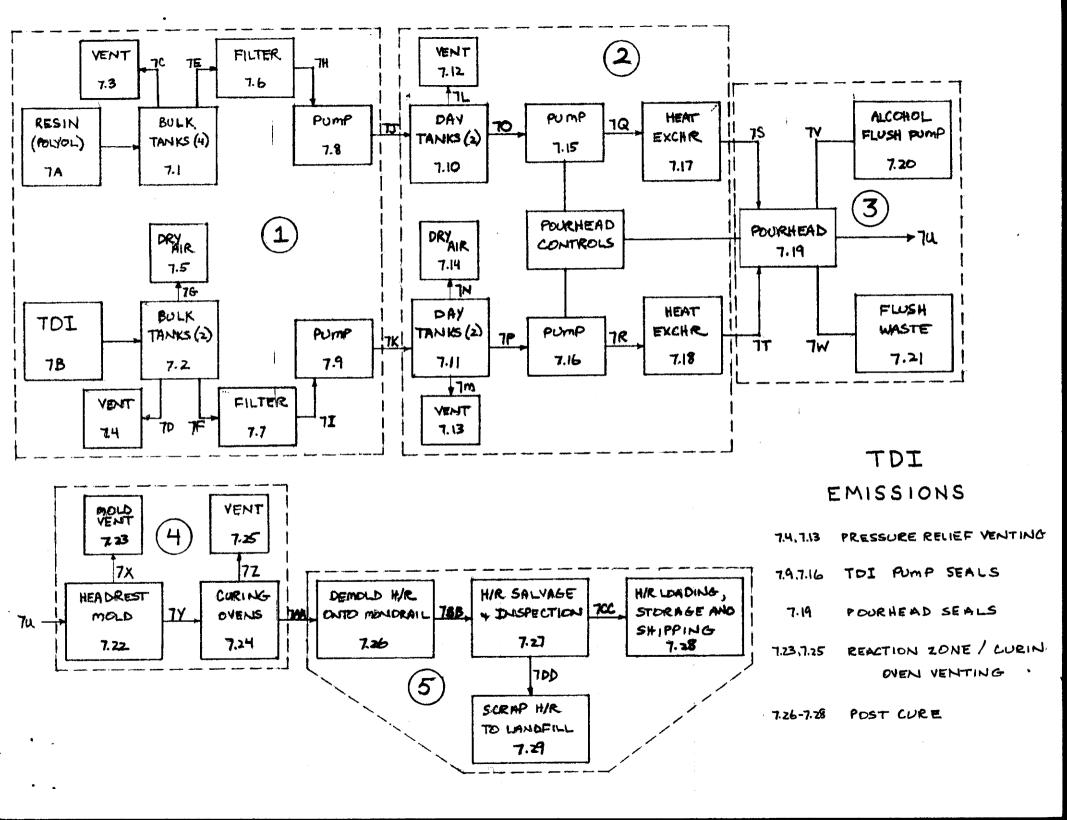
Data Element	Data are Ma Hourly Workers	intained for: Salaried Workers	Year in Which Data Collection Began	Number of Years Records Are Maintained
Date of hire			1956	Permanent
Age at hire			1956	Permanent
Work history of individual before employment at your facility			1956	Permanent
Sex	_/		1956	Permanent
Race			1956	Permanent
Job titles			1956	Permanent
Start date for each job title			1956	Permanent
End date for each job title			1956	Permanent
Work area industrial hygien monitoring data	e		1988	Permanent
Personal employee monitorin data	g		1987	Permanent
Employee medical history			1956	Permanent
Employee smoking history				
Accident history			1956	Permanent
Retirement date			1956	Permanent
Termination date			1956	_Permanent
Vital status of retirees		V	1956	Permanent
Cause of death data	V		1956	Permanent

[_]	Mark	(X)	this	box	if	you	attach	а	continuation	sheet.
-----	------	-----	------	-----	----	-----	--------	---	--------------	--------

_]	a.	b.	c.	d.	e.
			Yearly	Total	Total
	Activity	Process Category	Quantity (kg)	Workers	Worker-Ho
	Manufacture of the listed substance	Enclosed			
	Tisted substance	Controlled Release			
		0pen			
	On-site use as	Enclosed			
	reactant	Controlled Release	255,000	65	125,000
		0pen			
	On-site use as	Enclosed			
	nonreactant	Controlled Release			
		0pen			
	On-site preparation	Enclosed			
	of products	Controlled Release			
		0pen			

en	ovide a descriptive compasses workers w sted substance.	job title for each labor category at your facility that tho may potentially come in contact with or be exposed to the
<u>=</u>]		
	or Category	Descriptive Job Title
	A	Millwright
	В	Pipefitter
	С	Production Line Workers
	D	Electrician
	E	Machine Cleaner
	F	Janitor
	G	Supervisor
	Н	
	I	
	J	

04	In accordance with the i indicate associated work	areas.	•	•	•		
<u> </u>							
]	Process type	POLYURETHAN	NE FOAM	MFG.			



<u>_</u>]	Process type	· • • • • • · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	POLYURETHANE FOAM MFG.
	Work Area ID		Description of Work Areas and Worker Activities
		1.	PIPEFITTER AND TRUCK DRIVER UNLOAD TANK TRUCK, PIPEFITTER CHANGES FILTERS 1/yr.
		2.	GENERAL AREA CONTAINING SUPPORT EQUIPMENT TO POURHEAD. THRU A WAY GOES THROUGH THIS AREA.
		3.	PIPEFITTERS SERVICE POURHEAD IN THIS ENCLOSE BOOTH WITH LOCAL EXHAUST.
		4.	OVEN CURING AREA. UNDER S.O.P. THIS AREA IS CLOSED TO ALL PERSONNEL.
		5.	THIS ENCOMPASSES ALL PRODUCTION AREAS THAT HANDLE THE URETHANE FOAM.

[_]	Process type POLYURETHANE FOAM MFG.										
	Work area										
RK EA	Labor Category	Number of Workers Exposed	Mode of Exposure (e.g., direc skin contact		Average Length of Exposure Per Day ²	Number of Days per Year Exposed					
1.	B	1	INHALATION	GU	C	32					
2.	<u>A,B,D,E,</u> F,G.	6	INHALATION	GU	E	240					
3.	B	2	INHALATION		C	240					
	<u>E,F.</u>	1	INHALATION	GU	A	240					
4.	_NONE	0	NA	NA	NA	NA					
5.	A-G	65	INHALATION	GU	E	240					
	the point of GC = Gas (c temper	exposure: ondensible at	t ambient essure)	physical state of SY = Sludge or s AL = Aqueous liq	lurry uid	ibstance at					
	temper	ncondensible ature and pre es fumes, vap	essure;	OL = Organic liq IL = Immiscible (specify ph 90% water,	liquid						
	² Use the foll	owing codes	to designate aver	age length of exp	osure per day:						
	exceedin C = Greater	es or less than 15 minut g 1 hour than one hour g 2 hours		D = Greater than exceeding 4 E = Greater than exceeding 8 F = Greater than	hours 4 hours, but hours						

Ī	area.	stion and complete it separately f	
_}	Process type	Polyurethane Foam Manufactur	ing Process
	Work area		
	Labor Category	8-hour TWA Exposure Level (ppm, mg/m ³ , other-specify)	15-Minute Peak Exposure Le (ppm, mg/m³, other-specif
	В	0	0
	A,B,D,F,G.	0	: 0
	<u> </u>	0	0.05 PPM
	NONE	0	0
	A-G	0	0

1 80	If you monitor worke	r exposure	e to the li	sted substai	nce, compl	ete the fo	llowing table
<u> </u>	Sample/Test	Work Area ID	Testing Frequency (per year)	Number of Samples (per test)	Who Samples ¹	Analyzed In-House (Y/N)	Number of Years Records Maintained
	Personal breathing zone						
	General work area (air)	1,2,3,5.	10	50	d	ΥΥ	I
	Wipe samples						
	Adhesive patches				-		
	Blood samples	•					
	Urine samples						
	Respiratory samples	1,2,3,5.	1	3	PLANT HOSPITAL	ΥΥ	PERMANENT
	Allergy tests						
	Other (specify)						
	Other (specify)						
	Other (specify)						
	¹ Use the following c	odes to de	esignate who	takes the	monitorin	g samples:	
	A = Plant industria B = Insurance carri		st				

[_]	Sample Type GENERAL WORK AREA (AIR SAMPLE) Sampling and Analytical Methodology "MDA" CHEMCASSETTE - DRY COLORIMETRIC							
	BREATHING TEST	PULMONARY FUI	NCTION					
9.10	If you conduct perso specify the followin				ıbstance,			
CBI		6						
[_]	Equipment Type ¹	Detection Limit ²	Manufacturer	Averaging Time (hr)	Model Number			
_	D(E)	0.001A	MDA SCIENTIFIC	CONTINUOUS	SERIES 7100			
	Use the following c A = Passive dosimet B = Detector tube C = Charcoal filtra D = Other (specify)	er tion tube with pump		ring equipment	types:			
	Use the following codes to designate ambient air monitoring equipment types:							
	E = Stationary monitors located within work area F = Stationary monitors located within facility G = Stationary monitors located at plant boundary H = Mobile monitoring equipment (specify) I = Other (specify)							
	² Use the following codes to designate detection limit units:							
	A = ppm B = Fibers/cubic centimeter (f/cc) C = Micrograms/cubic meter (\(\mu/m^3\))							

9.11	If you conduct routine medical tests for the listed substance, specify the type an	monitoring the health effects of exposure to d frequency of the tests.
<u>CBI</u>	Test Description	Frequency (weekly, monthly, yearly, etc.)
L	Pulmonary Function	yearly
	rumonary runction	

					ely for each	
	Process type	Polyurethane	e Foam Manufactur	ring Process		
	Work area				Headrest Dept. 1-5	
	Engineering Controls	Used (Y/N)	Year Installed	Upgraded (Y/N)	Year Upgraded	
,	Ventilation:					
	Local exhaust	<u> </u>	1968	<u>n</u>		
	General dilution	Υ	1968	<u>n</u>		
	Other (specify)					
	Vessel emission controls					
	Mechanical loading or packaging equipment					
ı	Other (specify)					

P.13 Describe all equipment or process modifications you have made within the 3 prior to the reporting year that have resulted in a reduction of worker ex the listed substance. For each equipment or process modification describe the percentage reduction in exposure that resulted. Photocopy this questi complete it separately for each process type and work area.			
]	Process type	POLYURETHANE FOAM MFG.	
•			1-5
	Fauirment ox	- Process Modification	Reduction in Worker Exposure Per Year (%
	NONE	Process Modification	DAPOSULC TCL TCUL (%
	HOILE		

9.14 CBI	in each work area	onal protective and safety equ in order to reduce or elimina copy this question and complet	te their exposure	to the listed				
 [_]	Process type	Process type POLYURETHANE FOAM MFG.						
		Equipment Types	AREAS 1-3 Wear or Use (Y/N)	AREAS 4-5				
		Respirators	N	N				
		Safety goggles/glasses	<u>Y</u>	Υ				
		Face shields	N	N				
		Coveralls	Y	SOME				
		Bib aprons	N	N				
		Chemical-resistant gloves	Υ	N				
		Other (specify)						
								
								

	process type, the work areas where the respirators are used, the type of respirators used, the average usage, whether or not the respirators were fit tested, and the type and frequency of the fit tests. Photocopy this question and complete it separately for each process type.
<u>BI</u>	Process type N/A
_J	
	Work Respirator Average Tested Type of Fit Tests Area Type Usage (Y/N) Fit Test (per year)
	<pre>B = Weekly C = Monthly D = Once a year E = Other (specify) Use the following codes to designate the type of fit test: QL = Qualitative QT = Quantitative</pre>
	中間がいたられないというだっ

	E WORK PRACTICES						
9.19 <u>CBI</u>	Describe all of the work peliminate worker exposure authorized workers, mark a monitoring practices, provuestion and complete it s	to the listed su areas with warnin vide worker train	bstance (e.g. g signs, insu ing programs,	<pre>, restrict er re worker det etc.). Phot</pre>	ntrance only to tection and tocopy this		
[_]	Process type POLYURETHANE FOAM MFG.						
	Work area			• •			
	AREA 1. AUTH. PERS. ONLY,	WARNING SIGNS,	SAFE USE INST	., GENERAL E	XHAUST		
	AREA 2. GENERAL MONITORING	G, WARNING SIGNS	, SAFE USE IN	ST., GENERAL	EXHAUST.		
	AREA 3. AUTH PERS, ONLY, W	VARNINGS SIGNS,	LOCAL EXHAUST				
	AREA 4. CONFINED SPACE-RES	STRICTED ENTRANC	E, WARNING SI	GNS			
		AREA 5. GENERAL MONITORING, SAFE USE INST., GENERAL EXHAUST.					
	Process type POLYURE Work area		 1-2 Times	3-4 Times	More Than 4		
	Housekeeping Tasks	Once Per Day		Per Day	Times Per Day		
	Sweeping	X					
	Vacuuming	X					
	Vacuuming Water flushing of floors	X					
	Water flushing of floors						
	Water flushing of floors Other (specify)	X					
	Water flushing of floors Other (specify)	X					
	Water flushing of floors Other (specify)	X					
	Water flushing of floors Other (specify)	X					

*Resp 9.21	Do you have a written medical action plan for responding to routine or emergency exposure to the listed substance?	_
	Routine exposure Yes No	
	Emergency exposure	
	Yes	1
	No	2
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained?	
	Routine exposure:	_
	Emergency exposure:	
9.22	Do you have a written leak and spill cleanup plan that addresses the listed substance? Circle the appropriate response.	1
`	No	
	If yes, where are copies of the plan maintained? Plant Security	
	Has this plan been coordinated with state or local government response organizations Circle the appropriate response.	
((Yes)	1
	No	2
*Resp 9.23	Who is responsible for monitoring worker safety at your facility? Circle the appropriate response.	
(Plant safety specialist	1
	Insurance carrier	2
	OSHA consultant	3
	Other (specify)	4
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.	_

SECTION 10 ENVIRONMENTAL RELEASE

General Instructions:

Complete Part E (questions 10.23-10.35) for each non-routine release involving the listed substance that occurred during the reporting year. Report on all releases that are equal to or greater than the listed substance's reportable quantity value, RQ, unless the release is federally permitted as defined in 42 U.S.C. 9601, or is specifically excluded under the definition of release as defined in 40 CFR 302.3(22). Reportable quantities are codified in 40 CFR Part 302. If the listed substance is not a hazardous substance under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA) and, thus, does not have an RQ, then report releases that exceed 2,270 kg. If such a substance however, is designated as a CERCLA hazardous substance, then report those releases that are equal to or greater than the RQ. The facility may have answered these questions or similar questions under the Agency's Accidental Release Information Program and may already have this information readily available. Assign a number to each release and use this number throughout this part to identify the release. Releases over more than a 24-hour period are not single releases, i.e., the release of a chemical substance equal to or greater than an RQ must be reported as a separate release for each 24-hour period the release exceeds the RQ.

For questions 10.25-10.35, answer the questions for each release identified in question 10.23. Photocopy these questions and complete them separately for each release.

PART A	A GENERAL INFORMATION
10.01	Where is your facility located? Circle all appropriate responses.
CBI	
[_]	Industrial area
	Urban area 2
	Residential area
	Agricultural area
	Rural area 5
	Adjacent to a park or a recreational area 6
	Within 1 mile of a navigable waterway 7
	Within 1 mile of a school, university, hospital, or nursing home facility
	Within 1 mile of a non-navigable waterway 9
	Other (specify)10
[_]	Mark (X) this box if you attach a continuation sheet.

	Specify the exact location of your is located) in terms of latitude a (UTM) coordinates.				
	Latitude		40	• 34	
	Longitude	•••••	85	• 41	, 14
	UTM coordinates Zone	, Nort	hing	, East	ing
*Res	ponse not required for TD1 If you monitor meteorological cond the following information.	itions in the vici	nity of you	r facili	ty, provide
	Average annual precipitation				_ inches/yea
	Predominant wind direction	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			_
	ponse not required for TD1 Indicate the depth to groundwater	below your facilit	у.		
					meters
	Depth to groundwater	•••••••			_ meters
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.)	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the	all routine instruction	releases s for a o	s of the
	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the	all routine	releases s for a d	s of the
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.)	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the En Air	all routine instruction vironmental	releases s for a d Release	s of the definition o
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the En Air	all routine instruction vironmental Wate	releases s for a d Release	s of the definition o
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the En Air N/A	all routine instruction vironmental Wate	releases s for a d Release	s of the definition o Land
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the En Air N/A	all routine instruction vironmental Wate N/A N/A	releases s for a d Release	s of the definition o Land N/A N/A
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the En Air N/A N/A	all routine instruction vironmental Wate N/A N/A	releases s for a d Release	Land N/A N/A
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the	all routine instruction vironmental Wate N/A N/A N/A N/A	releases s for a d Release	s of the definition of Land N/A N/A N/A
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the	all routine instruction vironmental Wate N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	releases s for a d Release	s of the definition of Land N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage Disposal	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the	all routine instruction vironmental Wate N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	releases s for a d Release	Land N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
<u>CBI</u>	For each on-site activity listed, listed substance to the environmen Y, N, and NA.) On-Site Activity Manufacturing Importing Processing Otherwise used Product or residual storage Disposal	indicate (Y/N/NA) t. (Refer to the	all routine instruction vironmental Wate N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A	releases s for a d Release	Land N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

10.06 CBI	Provide the following information for the listed of precision for each item. (Refer to the instrument an example.)	substance and s uctions for furt	pecify the level her explanation a	ınd
[_]	Quantity discharged to the air	1-246	kg/yr ±	2
	Quantity discharged in wastewaters	0	kg/yr ±	ر س
	Quantity managed as other waste in on-site treatment, storage, or disposal units	0	kg/yr ±	_ %
	Quantity managed as other waste in off-site treatment, storage, or disposal units		kg/yr <u>+</u>	_ %
	This chemical is used in a closed system. There anticiapted.	efore, no releas	se is	
	This small release is due to the above ground s is covered with a blanket of compressed air. He release is not unreasonable.		ne tank	

10.08 <u>CBI</u>	for each process structure process block or res	technologies used to minimize release eam containing the listed substance as idual treatment block flow diagram(s). rately for each process type.	identified in your
[_]	Process type	Polyurethane Foam Manufacturing Pro	cess
	Stream ID Code	<u>Control Technology</u> Not Used	Percent Efficiency
		Not used	
		.	
			The second secon

10.09 <u>CBI</u> []	substance in residual treasource. Do a sources (e.g. for each product)	terms of a Stratment block floot include raw, equipment lecess type.	Identify each emission point source containing the listed ream ID Code as identified in your process block or low diagram(s), and provide a description of each point material and product storage vents, or fugitive emission eaks). Photocopy this question and complete it separate.
	Point Source ID Code		Description of Emission Point Source
	NONE		NA

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_] _]	Point Source ID Code	Physical State ¹	Average Emissions (kg/day)	Frequency ² (days/yr) 1-246	Duration ³ (min/day)	Average Emission Factor	Maximum Emission Rate (kg/min)	Maximum Emission Rate Frequency (events/yr)	Maximum Emission Rate Duration (min/event
				1-240	-				

						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
					1070-1				
		7-994-00-1	*						
	G = Gas	s; V = Vapoi	r; P = Partic	ignate physica ılate; A = Aer	cosol; 0 = 0th	e point of reer (specify)	lease:		
	_			evel of emission					

Point	nknown	Stack Inner		Emission			
Source		Diameter	Exhaust	Exit			
ID Code	Stack Height(m)	(at outlet) (m)	Temperature (°C)	Velocity (m/sec)	Building Height(m) ¹	Building Width(m)	Ven Typ
code	neight(m)	(111)	()	(1117 SEC)	neight (m)	#14 CII (III)	
-							
			- MANAGES OF				
							
		- Additional -					
¹ Height o	f attached	or adjacent	building				
² Width of	attached	or adjacent	building				
3 Han the	fallaning	codes to des	ianata yant	tuno:			
use the	TOTIONING	codes to des	ignate vent	type.			
H = Hori V = Vert							
	icai						

пт		ID Code identified in question 10.09. te it separately for each emission point source
<u>BI</u>	N/A	
_]	Point source ID code	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	Size Range (microns)	Mass Fraction (% ± % precision)
	< 1	
	≥ 1 to < 10	
	≥ 10 to < 30	
	≥ 30 to < 50	
	≥ 50 to < 100	
	≥ 100 to < 500	
	≥ 500	
		Total = 100%

10.13	Equipment Leaks Complete	e the followi	ing table	by provi	ding the	number of	equinment
10.13	types listed which are expended according to the specified the component. Do this for residual treatment block front exposed to the listed sprocess, give an overall presposed to the listed substitute of the listed substitute.	osed to the loweight percestored and procestored low diagram(sometimes of lower and lower	listed suent of these type is). Do not this itime per	bstance a e listed dentified ot includ s a batch year tha	nd which substance in your e equipme or inter t the pro	are in se passing process b nt types mittently cess type	rvice through lock or that are operated is
<u>CBI</u>	for each process type.		усору инг	s questro	n and com	prete it	separatery
[_]	Process type Por	VURETHANE	FOAM	MPG.			
	Percentage of time per year type	that the li	sted sub	stance is	exposed	to this p	rocess
					Service by		am
	Equipment Type	Less than 5%	5-10%	11-25%	26-75%	76-99%	Greater than 99%
	Pump seals ¹	than 3%	2-10%	11-23/6	20-13%	70-33%	tiidii 99%
	Packed				M		
	Mechanical	-	-		<u> </u>		
	Double mechanical ²						
	Compressor seals ¹						
	Flanges				100		
	Valves				<u> 100</u>		
	Gas ³						
	Liquid		·		10		
	Pressure relief devices ⁴ (Gas or vapor only)	4					
	Sample connections						
	Gas						
	Liquid						
	Open-ended lines ⁵ (e.g., purge, vent)						
	Gas						
	Liquid						
	¹ List the number of pump an compressors	d compressor	seals, r	ather tha	n the num	ber of pu	mps or
10.13	continued on next page						

10.13	(continued)			
	² If double mechanical seal greater than the pump stu will detect failure of th with a "B" and/or an "S",	offing box pressure a ne seal system, the b	nd/or equipped wi	th a sensor (S) that
	³ Conditions existing in th	ne valve during norma	al operation	
	⁴ Report all pressure relie control devices	ef devices in service	e, including those	equipped with
	⁵ Lines closed during norma operations	al operation that wou	ıld be used during	maintenance
10.14 <u>CBI</u>	Pressure Relief Devices wi pressure relief devices id devices in service are con enter "None" under column	lentified in 10.13 to strolled. If a press	indicate which p	ressure relief
ſ <u></u> J	a. Number of	b. Percent Chemiçal	c.	d. Estimated
	Pressure Relief Devices	in Vessel	Control Device	Control Efficiency ²
	4	45%	SPRING	50%
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
				
			 	
	¹ Refer to the table in ques heading entitled "Number o Substance" (e.g., <5%, 5-1	f Components in Serv	d the percent rangice by Weight Perc	ge given under the cent of Listed
	² The EPA assigns a control with rupture discs under n efficiency of 98 percent f conditions	ormal operating cond	itions. The EPA a	assigns a control
-	conditions			

10.15 CBI	Equipment Leak Detec place, complete the procedures. Photocotype.	following table reg	garding thos	se leak det	ection and r	epair
[_]	Process type			POLYURET	HANE FOR	n mf6.
	Equipment Type	Leak Detection Concentration (ppm or mg/m³) Measured at Inches from Source	Detection Device	Frequency of Leak Detection		Repairs Completed
	Pump seals Packed Mechanical Double mechanical Compressor seals Flanges					
	Valves Gas Liquid Pressure relief devices (gas or vapor only)					
	Sample connections Gas Liquid Open-ended lines Gas Liquid					
	¹ Use the following co POVA = Portable orga FPM = Fixed point mo O = Other (specify)	nic vapor analyzer		vice:		

S = Sampling

10.23		ed. If there			d and when the rel attach a continua	
	Release	_ <u>:</u>	Date Started	Time (am/pm)	Date Stopped	Time (am/pm)
	1	NONE				
	2	_				
	3					
	4					
	5					
	6				<u></u>	
	1 2					
	2 3 4					
	2 3 4 5					
	2 3 4 5					

